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#This is the numeric simulation used in Section 6.1 of the paper  
#"Evolution Heritable Risk, and Skewness Loving"  
 #(2020, Yuval Heller & Arthur Robson).  
#The code was written by Renana Heller in Python 3.7.  
#The updated code can be found at:  
#https://sites.google.com/site/yuval26/numeric-simulation-heller-robson.py  
#The updated paper can be found at  
#https://sites.google.com/site/yuval26/local-risk.pdf
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from random import choices  
from collections import Counter  
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
import math  
import csv  
import time  
import winsound
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#Time string that is used in the exported file names.  
timestr = time.strftime("%Y%m%d-%H%M%S")
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for rowindex in range(1,11):  
    for colindex in range(1,16):  
        #Initial population size  
        _numOfPeople = 3000  
  
        #Maximal number of years (=iterations) in each simulation run.  
        _numIterations = 20000  
  
        #Number of different dynasties  
         #(also called, islands or sub-populations in the simulations)  
        _numOfIslands = 300  
  
        #Distribution of heritable birth rate component  
         #(denoted by X and q_x in the paper)  
        islandPossibleProbs = [0, 0.02]  
        islandProbWeights = [0.5, 0.5]  
  
        #Probability of an offspring being born in the same dynasty  
         #as the parent (rather than in a random dynasty)  
        inheritProb=1
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#Distribution of idiosyncratic birth rate component
#(denoted by Y and q_y in the paper; in the 150 simulation runs
#presented in the paper there is no idiosyncratic risk)
ownProbs = [0, 0.02]
ownWeights = [1, 0]

#distribution of aggregate birth rate component
#(denoted by Z and q_z in the paper; in the 150 simulation runs in the
#paper there is no aggregate risk)
genPossibleProbs = [0, 0.02]
genProbsWeights = [1,0]

deathProb=0.014
#ImmProb describes the probability in which each agent migrates to a
#random dynasty in each year (denoted by \lambda_m in the paper)
#Each of the following values was tested in 15 simulation runs.
if rowindex==1:
    immProb=0.0002
if rowindex==2:
    immProb=0.0004
if rowindex==3:
    immProb=0.001
if rowindex==4:
    immProb=0.002
if rowindex==5:
    immProb=0.004
if rowindex==6:
    immProb=0.007
if rowindex==7:
    immProb=0.01
if rowindex==8:
    immProb=0.013
if rowindex==9:
    immProb=0.016
if rowindex==10:
    immProb=0.018

#islandChgProb describes the probability in which each dynasty redraws
#a new value for its hertiabile birth rate in each year (denoted by
#\lambda_x in the paper)

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islandChgProb = 0.02-immProb

#probabilty of redrawing the value of the aggregate birth rate
#(not used in the 150 simulation runs)
genChgProb = 0

#Initializing arrays
islandList = [];
islandProbList = [];
populationGrowth = []
PopulationGrowthRate = []
PopulationMaxProb = []
islandPopulation = []
maxIslandPopulation = []
iterationIndex=0

#Randomly choosing the initial aggregate birth rate
genProb=choices(genPossibleProbs,genProbsWeights)[0]

countHighIsl=0;
# Randomly choosing the hertiablr birth rate of each dynasty
for index in range(0, _numOfIslands):
    islandProbList += choices(islandPossibleProbs,islandProbWeights )
    islandList += [index]

#Keeping a copy of the initial population size.
initialNumOfPeople = _numOfPeople

#Randomly assiging a dyansty to each person in the initial population
islandIndexPerPerson = choices(islandList, k=_numOfPeople)

#Rabdomly assigining an idiosincratic birth rate to each person
ownProbPerPerson = choices(ownProbs, ownWeights, k=_numOfPeople)
#End of setup of the simulation.

#Starting the run of a single simualtion run.

#As Long as we haven't reached the maximal number of years.
while iterationIndex < _numIterations:

    #countMaxProb counts the number of people with the maximal

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#heritable birth rate
countMaxProb = 0

#Initating arrays for new agents that will be born in this year
newPersonIslandIndex = []
newPersonOwnProb = []
numNewPerson = 0
index = 0

#The simulation run stops if the population size become to small
#(less than 10)
#or too large (more than 1,000,000)
if (_numOfPeople < 10) or (_numOfPeople>1000000):
    _numIterations = iterationIndex
    break

#This loop goes on all agents in the population.
while index < _numOfPeople:
    #percanet is the total birth rate of the current person
    percent = islandProbList[islandIndexPerPerson[index]] + ownProbPerPerson[index] + genProb

    # Doing a lottery to decide if the agent has a new offspring,
    #according to the agent's birth rate
    shouldRep = choices ([True , False], [percent, 1-percent])

    #Adding a new person in the same dynasty as the parent
    if shouldRep[0]:
        #counting the number of new agents born in each dyansty.
        newPersonIslandIndex += [islandIndexPerPerson[index]]

        #randomly choosing a new idioisncratic birthrate to the new agent
        newPersonOwnProb += choices(ownProbs, ownWeights)
        #Counting the number of new agents born in this year.
        numNewPerson += 1;
        #Doing a lottery if the offspring migrates iimdeitaly when being born
        #(set to 0% in the simulation runs descriebd in the manuscript.)
        newbornimmigrates=choices ([True,False], [1-inheritProb,inheritProb,])

        #Implementing the offspring's migration.
        if newbornimmigrates[0]:
            newIsland = choices(islandList)[0]

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        islandIndexPerPerson[index] = newIsland

#Checking if the agent has to migrate to a new random dynasty.
shouldImmigrate = choices ([True , False], [immProb, 1-immProb])
#Implementng the agent's migration.
if shouldImmigrate[0]:
    #Assignign a new location to the agent
    newIsland = choices(islandList)[0]
    islandIndexPerPerson[index] = newIsland

#Checking if the current agent has the maximal local birth rate
if islandProbList[islandIndexPerPerson[index]] == max (islandPossibleProbs):
    #Counting how many agents have the maximal local birth rate.
    countMaxProb +=1;

#Checking if agent should die
shouldDie = choices ([True , False], [deathProb, 1-deathProb])
#Implementing the agent's death
if shouldDie[0]:
    # delete the Person from all lists
    del islandIndexPerPerson[index]
    del ownProbPerPerson[index]
    #print (islandIndexPerPerson)
    #decreasing index due to removing the i-th person, and him
    #being replaced with the i+1th person
    index -= 1
    _numOfPeople -= 1

index += 1

#adding the new agents from the temporary array to the regular array
islandIndexPerPerson += newPersonIslandIndex
ownProbPerPerson += newPersonOwnProb
_numOfPeople += numNewPerson

#Gathering information for the graphs and the exported CSV file from
#the current iteration
PopulationMaxProb += [countMaxProb/_numOfPeople]
populationGrowth += [_numOfPeople]
#Starting calculating the growth rate after 100 periods.
if iterationIndex>100:

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        growthRate=math.log(_numOfPeople/initialNumOfPeople)/(iterationIndex+1)
else: growthRate=0
PopulationGrowthRate +=[growthRate]
iterationIndex += 1

#Printng a point every 250 periods, so that the user will see a signal
#about the simulation's progress
if iterationIndex % 250 == 0:
    print (". ", end="" )

#Counting how many agents are in each dynasty ("island")
islandCounter = Counter(islandIndexPerPerson)
islandCounterArray = []
maxPopulation = 0
#Calculating the size of the most populous dyansty ("island")
for index in range(0, _numOfIslands):
    if islandCounter[index] :
        islandCounterArray += [islandCounter[index]]
        if islandCounter[index] > maxPopulation:
            maxPopulation = islandCounter[index]
    else:
        islandCounterArray += [0]

#Ranodmly check if each dynasty has to get a new draw of its heritable birth rate.
shouldIslandChgProb = choices ([True , False], [islandChgProb, 1-islandChgProb])
if shouldIslandChgProb[0]:
    newIslandProb = choices(islandPossibleProbs,islandProbWeights )[0]
    islandProbList[index] = newIslandProb
#Updaing the size of each dynasty due to the births, deaths and
#migrations in the current round.
islandPopulation += [ islandCounterArray ]
maxIslandPopulation += [maxPopulation]

#checking if there should be a new Lottery for the aggregate birth rate
shouldGenChgProb = choices ([True , False], [genChgProb, 1-genChgProb]);
#Implementing a Lottery for the aggregate birth rate.

if shouldGenChgProb[0] :
    genProb=choices(genPossibleProbs,genProbsWeights)[0]

#finished all calculations of the simulation tun.

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#Printing summary statistics of the simulation run
print("Row: ",rowindex," Col: ",colindex," #islands=",_numOfIslands," ImmProb=",immProb, " deathprob=", deathProb," islChgP
print ("Iter.:", iterationIndex, "population:", populationGrowth[iterationIndex-1],"max L birth: ",int(100*PopulationMaxPro

#The following command lines allow to print graphs of the population size, population growth rate,
#the share of agents with high hertiabile birth rate, and the share of agents in the most populated dynasty
if colindex==0:
    plt.plot(populationGrowth)
    plt.ylabel('Population')
    plt.show()

    plt.plot(PopulationGrowthRate)
    plt.ylabel('Growth Rate')
    plt.show()

    plt.plot(PopulationMaxProb)
    plt.ylabel('Population with Max Prob')
    plt.show()

    plt.plot(maxIslandPopulation)
    plt.ylabel('Maximal Population in Island')
    plt.show()

#Time string used for the file names.
timestr = time.strftime("%Y%m%d-%H%M%S")

#Creating a detailed CSV file describing the detailed results of the simulation run.
#One should change the directory based on the local computer in which the simulation runs!
#Yuval's Laptop: 'C:\\Users\\heller\\Dropbox\\Local-Risk-Shared\\simulation\\population\\sim-results'
#Yuval's office computer: 'C:/Users/user/Dropbox/risk-persistance/simulation/sim-results/'
#Renana's Laptop: '/Users/heller/Documents/population'
with open('C:/Users/User/Dropbox/risk-persistance/simulation/sim-results/'+timestr+ '.csv', mode='w',newline='') as populat
    population_file = csv.writer(population_file, delimiter=',', quotechar='"', quoting=csv.QUOTE_MINIMAL)
    population_file.writerow(['Row Index', rowindex])
    population_file.writerow(['Col Index', colindex])
    population_file.writerow(['Number Of Islands', _numOfIslands])
    population_file.writerow(['Island Probs' ] + islandPossibleProbs)
    population_file.writerow(['Island Weights'] + islandProbWeights)
    population_file.writerow(['Own Probs'] + ownProbs)

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population_file.writerow(['Own Weights'] + ownWeights)
population_file.writerow(['General Probs'] + genPossibleProbs)
population_file.writerow(['General Weights'] + genProbsWeights)
population_file.writerow(['Immigration Prob', immProb])
population_file.writerow(['Island Change Probability', islandChgProb])
population_file.writerow(['General Change Probability', genChgProb])
population_file.writerow(['Death Probability', deathProb])
population_file.writerow(['Iteration index', 'Population', 'Growth Rate',
                          'Population with max Probability', 'Maximal Island Population'])

index=0
while index<_numIterations:
    population_file.writerow([index, populationGrowth[index], PopulationGrowthRate[index], PopulationMaxProb[index], ma
    index+=100
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